

Twice each year, billions of birds fly between wintering and breeding grounds, facing innumerable threats along the way. The majority of birds migrate at night, using the night sky to help them navigate. During the day, they rest and refuel, relying on green space, water and other necessary resources.

Artificial lights and skyglow around buildings can be fatal to migrating birds. Some are casualties of nighttime collisions with windows and walls. Others circle in confusion until dawn, when they land and are subject to other urban threats. This issue impacts hundreds of

species, including priority species like the Wood Thrush, Goldenwinged Warbler, and Seaside Sparrow. Lights Out is a national effort to reduce this problem by working with building owners, managers, and residents to turn off unnecessary lights during periods when they are most likely to affect migrating or nocturnal birds.

## The Impact

On-going research in Chicago, where over 30,000 birds collided with a single building over a 20-year period, is documenting the magnitude of the problem as well as an important part of the solution – turning out unnecessary

lights reduced bird mortality at that problematic building by over 80%. Dousing lights has the added benefit of reducing energy use and saving money.

Minneapolis, Minnesota skyline.

## **Benefits**

- Minimize unnecessary bird deaths
- Save money by reducing energy usage
- Support your organization's sustainability goals
- Receive recognition for sustainable, bird-friendly practices
- Be recognized as a regional and national leader in sustainability and bird conservation

## **Solutions**

Audubon is pioneering innovative approaches to make buildings safer for birds,

- Turn off exterior decorative lighting
- Extinguish spot and flood-lights
- Reduce lobby and atrium lighting wherever possible
- Turn off interior lighting especially on upper floors
- Substitute task and area lighting for workers staying late or pull window coverings
- Down-shield exterior lighting to eliminate all light directed upward and horizontal glare
- Install motion sensors and automatic controls wherever possible
- When converting to new lighting carefully assess quality and quantity of light needed, avoiding over-lighting with newer, brighter technology

While all unnecessary lighting should be reduced, the exterior decorative lights and lighted upper stories are a priority as they have the ability to disorient night migrating birds, especially in inclement weather.

## **Timing**

Light induced collisions can occur at any time of the year but they tend to peak during periods when birds are migrating through an area or, in some locations, when certain nocturnal species are present. Because migrating and nocturnal birds can be active throughout the night lighting should be reduced or turned off for as much of the nighttime as possible during peak collision periods.